图・像一





Prowess presents momentum which presents form



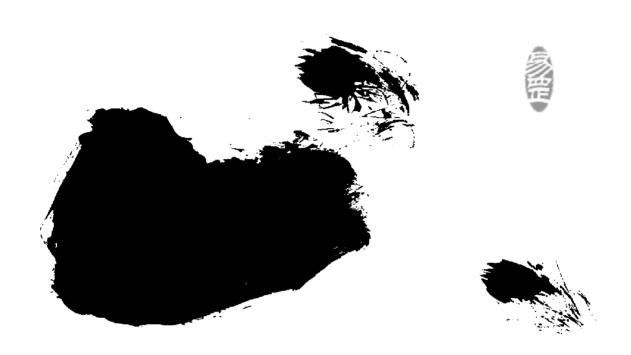
### 图・像二



### Balance and symmetry generate force

# 当領力生

图・像三



Strength will move everything

## 力拔物动

### 图・像四



### Friends and foes transform themselves into one another



图・像五





REVOLUTION brings about, produces, leads to, ends in, and creates novelty



### 图・像六



The past will bring about a new cycle

## 古人然生化

图・像七





A tripod genenerates a situation of stability



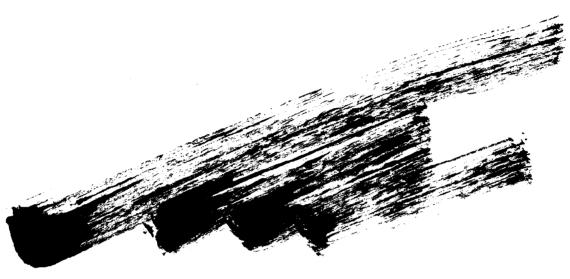
### 图・像八



NEW is weak and small

## 新獨外

图・像九





### Inner space has no boundary

## 场无边界

### 图·像十



All beings have one course



图・像十一



Essence will contain every element

## 精函六方

### 图・像十二



**DEITY** is one and all



图・像十三



ONE is the cause of everything



### 图·像十四



Vigour will be physically maintained



图・像十五



There will always be hope in reviving rehabilitation

### 复兴待望

### 图・像十六



Action will be shown by observing the outer form



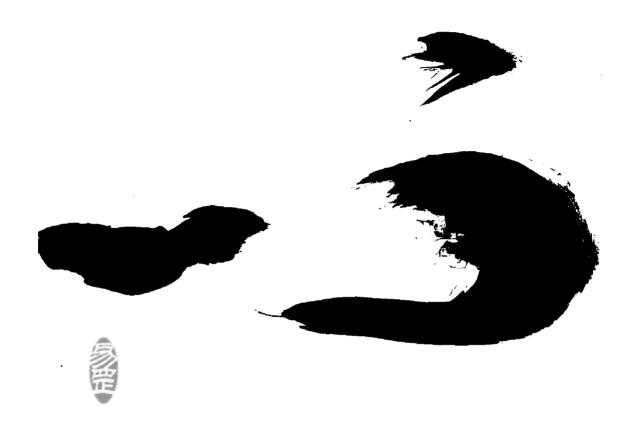
图·像十七



The Way Leads to Infinity



### 图·像十八



**Eternity encompasses the Truth** 

### 贯以归真

图·像十九



The Past is compatible with the present



### 图·像二十





### Today is as simple as ancient



图・像二十一



### **VIRTUE Benefits Far and Wide**



#### 图・像二十二



By following nature one is bestowed by the heavens



图・像二十三



Heaven bestows every beginning



图·像二十四



Yearning accomplishes happiness

地载万灵

图·像二十五



The spirit touched gives rise to passion



### 图·像二十六



### CHANCES should never be missed



图·像二十七



There is a law that masterminds the universe



### 图·像二十八



The appearance hides the situation



图·像二十九



Splendid colours allure

## 颜色感心

图·像三十





### A friendly face covers an honest heart



图・像三十一



All appear humble at its initial stage



### 图・像三十二



Success is accomplished in infinity

# **发**于无限

图・像三十三



Situation and trends are directed by strength



### 图·像三十四



Stand still regardless what's going on



### 图·像三十五



### One is moved by moving itself



### 图・像三十六



Fullness and Emptiness shift



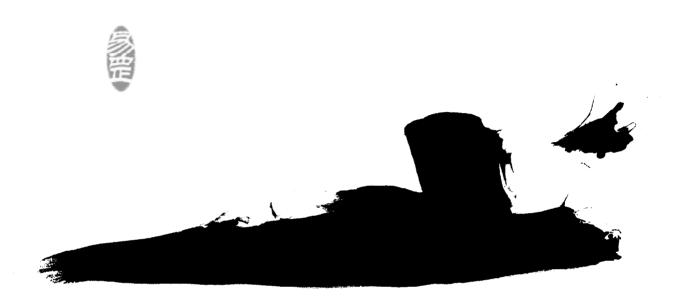
#### 图·像三十七



One's image exhibits one's spirit



#### 图・像三十八



Move or not, follow the nature



图·像三十九



### Lines and curves interchange



#### 图·像四十



With a relaxed heart there is a happy spirit



图·像四十一



### Superb skill always appears clumsy



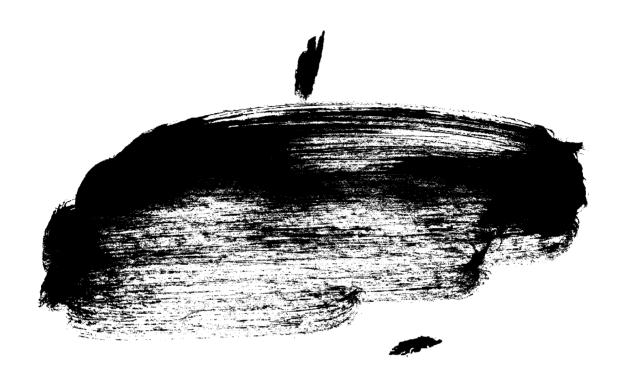
#### 图·像四十二



### Adroit workmanship is hardly good craftsmanship



图·像四十三





Common does not necessarily mean alike



图·像四十四



Miracles come out of the pure or unspoiled

# 拙巧奇景

图·像四十五



There is specificity in generality



#### 图·像四十六





### Solid tolerates emptiness



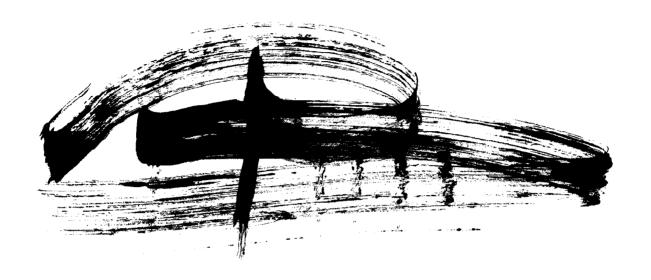
图·像四十七



There is a gap between essence and appearances



#### 图·像四十八





### The cycle of life is everlasting



图·像四十九



All will be summed up into one



#### 图·像五十



### Divine nature is hidden in the earthly world



图・像五十一





### Searching for traces only will lead nowhere



#### 图・像五十二



Every trace outlines the way of constancy

# 並乃道恒

#### 图・像五十三



## A straight path leads to the gate of fate



图·像五十四





### Stike right at the net

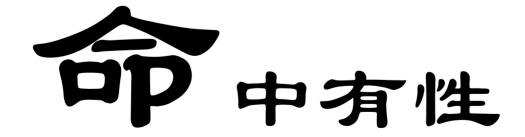


图·像五十五





### Destiny embodies nature



#### 图·像五十六



There is space among all gates



图·像五十七



The stream flows regardless the landscape

## 顺道流畅

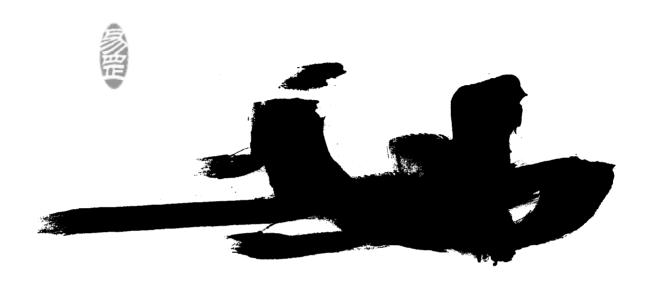
#### 图·像五十八



Light shines brightest in the darkness

## 逆光辉煌

图·像五十九



## Absurdity has positive reasoning

## 停者盈余

#### 图·像六十



### Take only what nature gives

## 约若天生

图·像六十一



Happiness is for everyone



#### 图·像六十二



The more distant a source, the longer a stream

## 源远流长

#### 图·像六十三



A righteous heart is evident



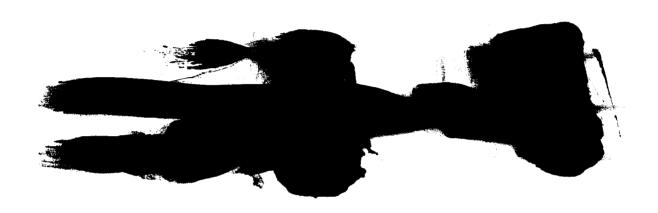
#### 图·像六十四



### Rationality demands reciprocity

## 理治往返

图·像六十五





Truth and lies need to be refined

# 练实化虚

#### 图·像六十六



Vigour is from grandeur and loftiness



图·像六十七



The ultimate truth is always simple and unadorned



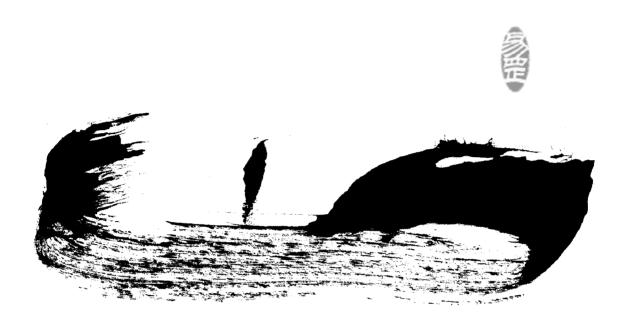
#### 图·像六十八



Simplicity is unadulterated



图·像六十九



### A solid foundation is deeply rooted

# 基础本固

#### 图·像七十



Putting down a foot starts an enterprise

## <del>脚</del>动生事

图·像七十一



All beings are reborn

# 万 然 复 往

#### 图・像七十二



Big trees root naturally

## 村民器天然

图·像七十三



Dissemination and communication gain virtuosity



### 图·像七十四



Messege is sent to a destination

# 播送到岸

图·像七十五



A huge mountain is not bound to be an obstacle



### 图·像七十六



### All beings live and die



### 图·像七十七



Meditation opens the hole for light



### 图·像七十八



Tranquility and profoundness are the same



图·像七十九



As all-powerful as God



### 图·像八十



Good health and peace are life's beauty

### **庚**泰精美

图·像八十一



### DRAGON and PHOENIX represent auspice



### 图·像八十二



The tiger roars on high mountains



图·像八十三



### Straigh lines are contained in curves



### 图·像八十四



The bow is drawn waiting to shoot



图·像八十五



The sea of blessing has no boundary

### 福海无边

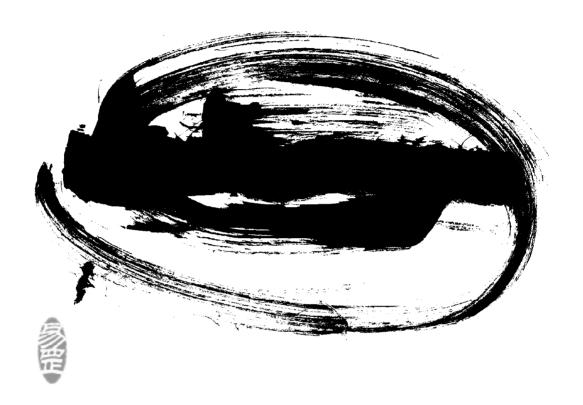
### 图·像八十六



The sea accepts all



图·像八十七



The wind blows and forces emerge



### 图·像八十八



### Glory shines grand and afar



图·像八十九



The form will follow the substance

## 随美账形

### 图·像九十



The colour of all temptations is vanity



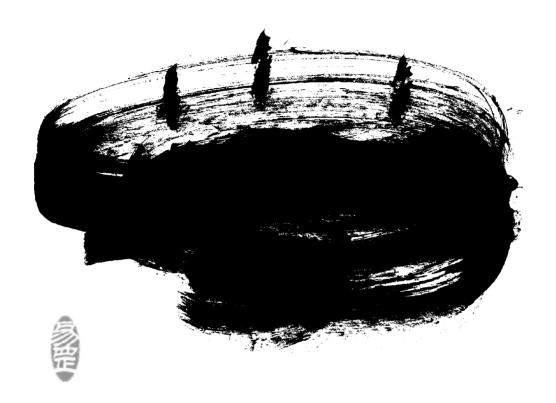
### 图·像九十一



All things are tiny



### 图·像九十二



Spaces do not interchange

### 门间不合

### 图·像九十三



One stands high on the ground



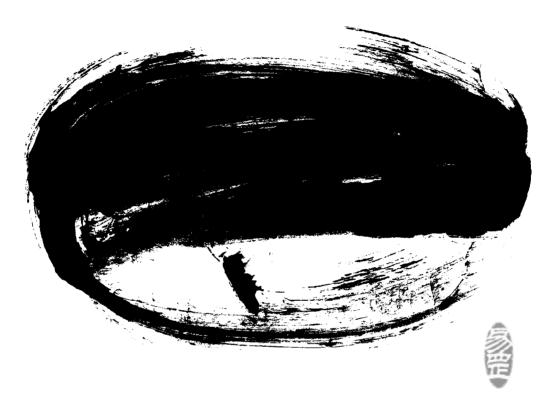
### 图·像九十四



The Universe Like The Wilderness Enshrines All



图·像九十五



**Grand Nature Needs No Help** 



### 图·像九十六



The world contains everything in nature



### 图·像九十七



Look back in all directions



### 图・像九十八



Always follow the right path



图·像九十九



The masters are visions of wisdom



### 图·像一百



Truth is always on the cutting edge of a knife



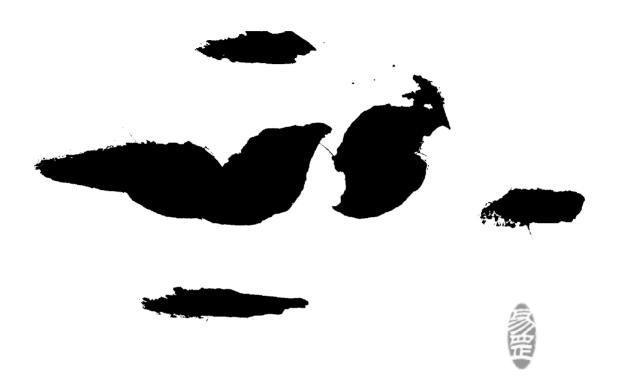
图·像一百零一



### Generality reveals both existence and non-existence



### 图·像一百零二



No fixed route leads to a good result



图·像一百零三



Strategy is not based on tricks

### 计不在谋

### 图·像一百零四



### Quantity is not limited by containers



图·像一百零五



The wheel at its climax will come full circle



### 图·像一百零六





### A wholesome kingdom is easy and smooth



图·像一百零七



Fullness and harmony are congruous



### 图·像一百零八



Joy of life is everlasting

### 升生不息

### **Postscript**

It was with great pleasure that I finally finished writing *Thinking in Graphics* on the Spring Equinox day of the traditional Chinese Lunar Year of Jiashen (2004).

This book was originally titled *Mental Fengshui*, with its first draft written in the late 1980s, with the purpose of providing relatively new ideas for a real estate project of the Hainan Provincial Real Estate Development Corporation where I worked then. My intentions for it were threefold: First, to infuse some cultural content into a patch of triangular land, I named that high class office building compound "City of Hundred Golds of *Fengshui* and Bagua (Eight Diagrams)"; second, to establish some mental resonance between the property owners, those adventurers who flocked into Hainan at that time, and the properties they purchased; and finally, to tap into the Theory of Mutual Begetting and Counter Contradicting of Yin, Yang and the Five Primary Elements (Metal, Wood, Water, Fire and Earth), I laid out the five residential high buildings into a mutually begetting structure as "Metal, Wood, Water, Fire and Earth" and allowed the buyers to live in wherever best suited their desires. After two years of construction, the project turned out to be a success and generated considerable profits for the corporation. It was also awarded as one of the Best Ten Architectures in Hainan Province.

Why and when did I hit upon the idea of writing such a book on "mental *Fengshui*" and finally start to "think in graphics"?

More than three decades ago, since I started to remember things, I lived in Pagoda Temple Village of the Qi County of Shanxi Province, a small village on a river bank, which was about one mile away from the well known Qiao Family Grand Courtyard. Our old residence was a courtyard house built in late Qing Dynasty, where I enjoyed my carefree childhood. When the weather was warm, every evening, I would lie in my grandmother's arms and listen to those age old stories told by the adults. The most interesting part was staring up into the "square" of sky full of twinkling stars through what we called "sky well", an opening formed by the eaves of the courtyard. One day, my grandmother vividly told me the story of my grandfather's adventures beyond the

Great Wall as a refugee. As my grandmother described, my grandfather, more than 30 years older than my grandmother, was a tall, heavily built, valiant, and tough guy, an itinerant kung fu master who dared to break into the vast dessert single-handed. According to grandmother's story, grandfather understood the underworld argot and had challenged top martial arts masters both good and evil in the Western Regions. When he was young, he used to do business in Dihua (today's Urumqi), and served as the close bodyguard of a high-ranking official of Xinjiang. He was bound apprentice to a kung fu master at the age of 12, and started to learn business from his master at 16. He went beyond the Great Wall when he was 20, and for 5 times in 5 years. Quite often, I would think that it was so admirable that a businessman, a commoner from a little courtyard house in a small village of a small town of Shanxi could have had such an adventure! Grandma also told me that every time grandpa returned home, he would bring loads of ancient scrolls and exquisite handicrafts from the Western Regions to give out to friends as gifts. On my 12th birthday, grandma gave me a copper lock which she cherished and kept for many years. When she unlocked it, she gently stroked my head, and talked to me in my ear: "Your grandpa often said: 'Rather be powerful than ambitious; forceful than powerful; wealthy than forceful; resourceful than wealthy; virtuous than resourceful; and heavenly than virtuous.' I couldn't quite figure it out myself." So she told me to gradually grasp the meaning as I grew up.

One evening, when I was going home from school bathed in the mid-autumn moonlight, I was suddenly touched by a unique picture and my eyes opened wide at a yellow dog at the edge of a grove blankly staring at the full moon. I stood there for quite a while and seemed to have caught some inexplicable message from the picture. I felt as though that yellow dog were talking to the moon. Serene was the nature; serene was the village. And the dog and I were at one with the surroundings. The image, the stance, the charm, the force and the spirit can still be re-visualized in my mind's eye and inspire me.

When I was a little boy, I was very timid. I was afraid of darkness, afraid of bad guys, afraid of evil people, and the worst thing I was afraid of was ghosts, for I really thought they existed. I often saw villagers visit Yin Yang masters (wizards) to help them adjust their *Fengshui* to solve their problems. Among the folks, *Fengshui* is indeed mysterious and deceitful, often misleading people to superstition as a result of those fake *Fengshui* masters' deceitful maneuvers with ulterior motives for material gains. The truth of *Fengshui* as a harmonious co-prosperity of man, nature and society is thus misinterpreted, and the essence of *Fengshui* as a harmonious co-existence of

man, nature and society is also ruined. As a result, *Fengshui* is vulgarized and secularized as feudal dross of superstition, becoming a taboo for people to even mention.

In the early 1980s, I entered the Taiyuan College of Polytechnics, majoring in architecture. At that time, purely technical knowledge such as architectural design, structure, construction, materials and equipment were overestimated; nobody cared about the theory of Harmonious Integration as part of the ancient oriental philosophy. Even today, the thought of sustainable development contained in the Chinese Culture, which emphasizes harmonious co-prosperity of man, nature, and society, has not been studied in depth. I think that the essence of the ancient oriental *Fengshui* theory should be greatly assimilated with its dross discarded.

I traveled between the Taihang Mountains and the Fen River, paid respects to the holy spots in the Wutai Mountains, visited the Yungang Grotto, stayed in the Suspended Temple, toured the ancient city of Pingyao, studied the Hall of the Holy Mother of Jin Shrine, worshiped the Temple of the Aureole of Buddha, and was inspired by the Tianlong Mountain (Dragon in Heaven). By traversing through the historical relics and natural treasures of the Shanxi Province, I became fascinated in the rich and deep cultural foundations laid in this vast land. Through integrated understanding of the imagery lying hidden in the mountains and waters, the humanity and culture, I have figured out the positions and layers among "the Matter, the Happening, and the Reason"; the relationship and network among "the Force, the Environment and the Resource"; as well as the complementarity and harmony among "the Spirit, the Stance and the Constancy".

More than 10 years ago, I worked in the South China Institute of Tropical Crops, Zhan County, Hainan Province. One day after a typhoon, when I was hurriedly walking towards the library in a sudden rain, I saw an old frog with a baby frog on her back difficultly crawling across the glistening driveway towards a pond. I was moved immediately and bent down to pick up the mother frog and son with both hands and carefully put them in the water. In a while, I heard a harmonious duet sung by the frog mother and son. How beautiful and lovely the voice was! I surely learned something from it.

In the early 1990s, I worked in Qinzhou, Guangxi Autonomous Region. It was a sunny day in early summer. I was taking a walk alone along the bank of the Qin River. I saw in distance a white cat staring at its own reflection in the water. He was so concentrated and fascinated that he ignored everything around him. It formed a beautiful

picture, a unity of self and nature, something between the real image and the virtual image, between the full and the vain. I visualized my graphic from this cat. *The Book of Changes* says: Graphics are display of Images; Images are foundations of Forms; Observing the Images, you forget the Forms; Only by forgetting the Forms can you obtain the Power; Images without Graphics are void of either Force, Power or Spirit; Images without Forms are void of Stance, Energy or Resource. Graphics and Images are isomorphic, while Forms and Images are symbiotic. But the world stresses the Materials and neglects the Forms, stresses the Reason and neglects the Images, stresses the Energy and neglects the Power, stresses the mechanical accumulation and neglects the empirical summary. Isn't it an error?

A good observer of the Forms feels the movements of Heaven and Earth; a good judge of the Power harbors benevolence; a good meditator of the Truth is loyal and righteous. So, as the saying goes, "As long as the Form is settled, the Stance is generated; as long as the Stance is generated, the Environment is displayed; as long as the Environment is displayed, the Spirit echoes; as long as the Spirit echoes, the Power emerges; as long as the Power emerges, the Resource comes."

In the earliest spring of a century, with an accumulation of several decades, I suddenly realized that it was all about graphics. With 108 graphics displayed in my mind and 108 characters printed in my heart, I finished this book as a coherent whole as if my hand and mind were one, perfectly matching its text and meaning.

Heaven and Earth have their ways, but extreme graphics are without forms. Those who love them may be able to enjoy them; those who are righteous may be able to assimilate them; those who are intelligent may be able to decode them. The overall apprehension of the graphics calls for a transcendence through the amalgamation, an abstraction of the symbiosis and a sublimation from the polymerization.

#### Xuedong

9<sup>th</sup> of Intercalary February of the Lunar Chinese Year of Jiashen (2004)

### 后记

甲申春分,《图·像思维》撰讫,感何如之!

《图·像思维》原名《心灵风水学》,初稿创作于上世纪八十年代末,原是为当时所供职的海南省物业发展公司的一个房地产项目提供较新的策划理念。其目的不外有三:一是给海南省海口市金融贸易区内的一块三角形土地赋予一点文化内涵,起名为"风水·八卦百金城"高级商住区;二是给当时涌进海南的"冒险家们"——购房者与所购土地、房产找到与其心灵共鸣;三是借"阴阳五行说"中的"相生、相克"原理,把五栋高层住宅依"金、水、木、火、土"相生关系布局,让购房者各居其所。经过近两年的建设,项目取得较大成功,为企业赢得可观利润,同时获得了海南省"十大杰出建筑奖"。

那么,何时萌发撰写有关"心灵风水学"——《图·像思维》念头的呢?

三十多年前,打从能够记事起,我就住在山西祁县塔寺村,这个河畔小村离今天很有名的乔家大院只有几里路。老宅是一座建于清末的三合院。在小院子里,我过着无忧无虑的童年生活。天气转暖,一到晚上我便躺在外婆怀里,听大人们聊着久远的故事,最有趣的便是从小院子的天井所围成的"方形"天际,遥望一眨一眨的满天繁星。有一天,外婆给我绘声绘色地讲述了老外公走西口的故事。在外婆眼里,比她年长三十多岁的外公是一个伟岸而高深、勇猛而刚强的人,是敢独闯大漠的"江湖高人"。据外婆讲,外公懂"江湖语",敢和西域"黑白两道"的武林高手交锋,年轻时曾在迪化(今乌鲁木齐)经商,作过新疆大官的贴身保镖。十二岁拜师学习武术,十六岁跟着掌柜学做买卖,二十岁走西口,一走就是五年、一共走了五次。我常想,一个小院子、小村子、小县城的晋人、晋商,居然能有如此之举,好生佩服!外婆还告诉我,外公每次回家都带了好多的西域古籍和精美的工艺品送

朋友。外婆在我12岁生日的时候,把她珍藏了多年的铜锁送给了我,开锁时,她贴在我的耳旁,轻轻地抚摸着我的头,说:"外公常讲:'心大不如势大,势大不如力大,力大不如财大,财大不如道大,道大不如德大,德大不如天大',我不解其意"。她让我长大成人后慢慢领悟其中奥妙。

一日, 我乘着仲秋的皎月, 从小学校回家。忽然, 被一幅奇特的图景所打动, 眼前一亮, 只见小树林旁一只黄狗正对着那轮满月"发呆"。我驻足好一阵子, 似 有所悟, 却无以言表。仿佛感到那黄狗正和月亮"说话"。静穆的自然、静穆的乡 村、狗物我同一。其形、其态、其韵、其势、其神至今仍清晰地在我的脑海中显现 着, 启迪着我的悟性。

小时候,我的胆子很小,怕黑、怕坏人、怕恶人、更怕鬼。以为真的有鬼存在。经常看见遇到难事的乡亲,就去求"阴阳"先生调"风水"来化解。在民间,"风水"的确神秘而玄虚,常能使人迷而信之,再加上别有用心的伪风水师贪人钱财,常常装神弄鬼,花样翻新。把人与自然、社会和谐共荣的风水本义歪曲了,把人与自然、社会和谐共生的风水精华摈弃了。风水被庸俗化、世俗化,伦为封建迷信,令人谈虎色变。

二十世纪八十年代初, 我考入太原工学院修建筑学专业。可惜当时过分偏重建筑设计、结构、施工、材料、设备等纯技术性的知识, 对包涵着古老的东方哲学、深邃智慧的"和合"学说却无暇顾及。至今, 对蕴涵于中华文化中, 强调自然、人、社会和谐共荣的可持续发展思想, 仍未能深入发掘。吾以为, 对东方古老的"风水"学说, 应抛弃糟粕, 宏扬精华。

吾行于太行汾水之间,仰观五台圣境,探访云岗石窟,驻足悬空寺、游历平遥古城,解读晋祠圣母殿,参拜佛光寺、感悟天龙山。在领略三晋大地物宝天华之余亦沉醉于这片土地所承载的浑厚奇绝博大精深的文化底蕴之中……。透过对蕴藏于山水、人文之中图像的整体把握,我悟到了"物、事、理"中的位置与层次,"势、场、道"中的关系与网络,"灵、态、恒"中的互补与和谐。

十多年前,我在海南儋县华南热带作物学院工作。一天,台风刚过,忽尔飘雨,我匆匆走向图书馆,看见一只老青蛙正背着一只幼小的青蛙,在光滑油亮的公路上向水塘艰难地爬行着。我怦然心动,便弯腰用双手轻轻地捧起青蛙"母子",小心翼翼地把它们放在水中……。不一会耳际传来"母子"和谐而优扬的鸣叫声,这声

音是那样的美妙而动听! 我不禁由蛙鸣而悟启。

二十世纪九十年代初,我在广西钦州工作。初夏,艳阳高照,我独自在钦江畔散步。只见远处一只白猫,正在水边端详着自己的影子,是那样的专注而入神,对旁边的一切全然未在意。在实像与虚像、充实与空灵之间,形成物我同一的美景。余由灵猫而得象。易罡曰:图为像之显,象为形之底,观像而忘形,忘形而得势。无图之像,则无力、无势,也无神。无形之象,则无态、无能,也无道。图像同构、形象共生。然,世人重物而轻形、重理而轻像、重能而轻势、重机械累积而轻精练积淀。不亦惑乎?

善观形者,感天地之动,善察势者,怀仁爱之心,善悟道者,藏忠义之旨。故曰:"形定则态生,态生则场呈,场呈则灵应,灵应则势呈,势呈则道生"。

百年春来早,沉积数十载,一朝得颖悟,尽在图像中。遂呈一百单八像于脑海, 应一百单八字于心田,手神相通,形意比合,一气呵成!

天地有道,大象无形。乐者喜之、善者化之、慧者悟之。对图像的整体感悟,需在融合中超越、共生中扬弃、聚合中升华。

多 \$ 以于聚势斋

农历甲申年(公元2004年)闰二月初九

## 中国学者张学栋在世界创新大会上获奖 2006年08月11日13:56:55来源:新华网

【新华网洛杉矶8月10日电】中国学者、高级建筑师张学栋先生近日在美国圣地亚哥市召开的设计与流程科学学会"世界创新大会"上荣获"乔治·科兹梅茨基奖"。

"乔治·科兹梅茨基奖"执委会主席阿提拉·厄尔塔斯博士表示,张学栋先生在《图·像思维——对自然·人·社会和谐共融关系的整体感悟》一书中提出的易·像学说对人类文明和社会发展以及在跨学科、跨领域、跨行业思维创新方面有突出表现。

张学栋在该书中把他对自然、人与社会和谐共融关系的整体感悟用**108**个图像与文字表达出来,既具有东方特别是中国传统文化的特征,又蕴涵着一种科学发展和整体性地把握世界的逻辑。

总部设在美国圣地亚哥市的设计与流程科学学会,定期组织"设计与过程集成技术世界大会"。自 1995 年以来,先后在美国、德国等地轮流召开,参加者来自科技、人文等领域。

### 张学栋获乔治·科兹梅茨基奖 发布时间: 2006-08-13 来源: 光明日报

【本报北京8月12日电】 日前,美国圣地亚哥召开的世界创新大会给《图·像思维——对自然·人·社会和谐共融观的整体感悟》一书作者,中国行政管理学会副秘书长、九三学社中央委员张学栋发来贺信,祝贺他因提出"图·像思维"理论,荣获世界设计与流程科学学会(SDPS)2006年"乔治·科兹梅茨基奖"。张学栋历经30余年潜心研究,通过对自然·人·社会和谐共融关系的整体感悟,以"势、场、道、灵、态、恒"为代表的108个图·像与文字凝聚在该书中。该书为人类具象与抽象、理性与感性、灵感与顿悟的传统思维理念和方法,开辟了全新的视角和空间,表达了中国传统文化及其内蕴的思维方式的整体性特征。

在世界设计与流程科学学会"乔治·科兹梅茨基奖"执行委员会主席阿提拉·厄尔塔斯博士发来的贺信中说,该奖项是奖励张学栋(中国文史出版社,2004年版)一书所展现出对人类社会和世界文明的贡献,表彰他在跨学科、跨领域、跨行业创新方面所作出的成就。这是设计与流程科学学会的一项大奖,截至目前,张学栋是获此殊荣的第3人。

远在"跨学科研究和教育"这个术语在学术界流行之前, 乔治·科兹梅茨基就

开始倡导"跨学科研究和教育"。乔治·科兹梅茨基是 SDPS 的创始人之一。以他的名字命名的这项大奖是向那些在跨学科、跨领域、跨行业作出创新的人颁发的。本年度该奖项评审委员会由享誉世界的科学家  $\mathbf{C} \cdot \mathbf{V} \cdot$ 拉玛姆系博士、伯兰德·克拉默尔博士、雷蒙· $\mathbf{T} \cdot$ 叶祖尧博士等杰出的学者组成。

据悉,颁奖仪式不久将在北京举行。

# China Daily Chinese scholar Zhang Xuedong won the California and Nevada St IN BRIEF (Date: 08/12/2005)

2005-08-12

**BEIJING** 

American awards

Chinese scholar Zhang Xuedong won the California and Nevada State Awards for his outstanding achievements in the research of Chinese traditional culture.

The award ceremony was held last Friday in Beijing.

His years of studying Chinese philosophy resulted in his creative work "E- pictures."

Zhang used 108 images, which look like Chinese calligraphy, to reveal the essence of Chinese traditional culture and the harmony between men and nature.

The two awards are granted to people who have made outstanding achievements and contributions in the field of arts and humanities.

### 中国学者张学栋提出"图·像思维"学说获美国州政府奖 转载自新华社

【新华网北京8月5日电】(记者刘浦泉)中国学者张学栋先生因提出"图·像思维"及"易·像艺术"学说,5日在北京获得美国加州、内华达州颁发的(2005年)政府奖。

张学栋先生现为中国行政管理学会副秘书长、九三学社中央委员。经过对中国 传统

文化进行数十年的潜心研究,他终于感悟出"图·像思维"及"易·像艺术"学说。该学说是一种新的思维模式,是对东方思维的新发展。美方专家评审委员会认为,"图·像思维"及"易·像艺术",用108个凝聚东方神韵的图·像与极其简

约的文字,把人与自然、社会的和谐共融关系形象地展示出来,为人类认识宇宙与人的奥秘提供了更为宽广的视觉。

据美中文化大使李凯文先生介绍,美国加州、内华达州政府奖是两州政府设立的最高奖项,主要表彰全球在人文与艺术领域做出卓越成就和杰出贡献的人士。此前,中国已有著名京剧大师梅保玖、著名音乐家三宝、著名古化石专家李耀卓获奖。 张学栋是目前同时获得美国两州政府奖的第一位中国人。

张学栋先生获奖后现场发表感言:"对宇宙和人生奥秘的探索是人类共有特性,用图·像进行思维是我们认识外部世界与自身的必然选择。图·像可使过去、现在、将来融合,可将心灵与历史、文化贯通,把宇宙与心聚合在同一个时空下,从而实现对人与自然、社会和谐共融的整体感悟。"

### 九三学社成员张学栋荣获"乔治·科兹梅茨基奖" 来源:人民政协报

近日,九三学社中央委员、九三学社中央社会与法制委员会副主任、高级建筑师张学栋在美国圣地亚哥市召开的设计与流程科学学会"世界创新大会"上荣获"乔治·科兹梅茨基奖"。

"乔治·科兹梅茨基奖"执委会主席阿提拉·厄尔塔斯博士表示,张学栋在《图·像思维——对自然·人·社会和谐共融关系的整体感悟》一书中提出的易·像学说对人类文明和社会发展以及在跨学科、跨领域、跨行业思维创新方面有突出表现。

# 张学栋让美国学者开眼时间: 2006年08月05日

【来源 北京晚报】近日,在美国圣地亚哥市召开的设计与流程科学学会(SDPS) "世界创新大会"上,中国行政管理学会副秘书长、九三学社中央委员张学栋先生,因其《图·像思维——对自然·人·社会和谐共融关系的整体感悟》(中国文史出版社,2004年版)著作获得"乔治·科兹梅茨基奖",以表彰他在跨学科、跨领域、跨行业思维创新方面的成就,成为获此殊荣的第3人。

**2005**年,张学栋曾因此著作荣获美国加州奖和内华达州政府奖,是中国同时获得这两个奖的第一人。

"图·像思维"理论(易·像学说),是张学栋先生经过数十年潜心研究创立的,他把对自然·人·社会和谐共融关系的整体感悟,用以"势、场、道、灵、态、恒"为代表的108个图·像与文字表达出来。为人类具象与抽象,理性与感性、灵感与顿悟的传统思维理念与方法,开辟了全新的视角与空间。表达了中国传统文化以及其内蕴的思维方式的整体性特征。据悉,颁奖仪式将于今年晚些时候在北京举行。

#### SOCIETY FOR DESIGN & PROCESS SCIENCE

July 10, 2006
Mr. Zhang Xuedong
P. O. Box 1092
Beijing 100034
People's Republic of China

Dear Mr. Zhang,

It is my pleasure; on behave of the Society for Design and Process Science (SDPS), to present you the George Kozmetsky award for Outstanding Achievement in Transdicplinary Innovation based on your excellent contributions to human society and world culture through your work in  $\mathbb{H}$  -picture thinking? a collaborative view of man and nature? Please accept my sincere congratulations as it is a major award of our Society and you are only the third person so far to have been named to receive this great honour.

As you might have known that Dr. George Kozmetsky is an early pioneer to advocate "ransdisciplinary research and education? long before such terms become popular among academia. As co-founder of Teledyne and many other major corporations, he had?made great discoveries through industrial innovation, and as?long time Dean of Graduate school of Business, he created history by?putting Austin, Texas on the map helping it, through his personal leadership, to become?the?4th major technopolis in the US in record time. Since he is also a co-founder of SDPS, the George Kozmetsky Award is given only to those who exemplifies INNOVATION through transdisciplinary approach and hence has been extremely selective. Your work was considered the most significant such kind of contribution by this year" evaluation committee of distinguished scholars including world renowned scientists Dr. C.V. Ramamoorthy, Dr. Bernd Kramer, Dr. Raymond T. Yeh and others. Congratulations!

The award was presented at a formal ceremony at our World Congress on Innovation in San Diego, USA, on June 25th where you were an invited plenary speaker. In light of your schedule conflict at that time, we are making a special arrangement for you, in light of the importance of this award, by asking Dr. Raymond T. Yeh, one of our Society's co-founders, to personally present the award to you in Beijing in early September during his trip to China. He will contact you directly to arrange a time for the award presentation ceremony at your convenience. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me directly.

Congratulations again for such great honour, Sincerely,
Dr. Artila Ertas
Chairman
Executive Committee on Awards

### 图 · 像思维与佛学 ·

# 序

虚即实,实即虚,亦虚亦实,即虚即实。

色即空,空即色,亦色亦空,即空即色。

图即像,像即图,亦图亦像,即图即像。

阴即阳,阳即阴,亦阴亦阳,即阴即阳。

凡起心动念, 皆生善恶、虚实、色空、阴阳、图像。

缘起性空, 直指心性, 放下立成, 解悟脫颖。

今智宣学兄, 疑古今佛理述图像, 聚东土佛法注风水(火空),

取诸亓则随性而率真,感万幻则顺理而兹明。

余甚欢喜,赞曰:

领五合之灵颖兮驻文殊, 处峨嵋之伟慧兮颐普贤,

安九华之敦祯兮雍地藏, 妙普陀之旷阔兮融观音。

**曾如如不动,无所从来。净**密相证,禅乘相应。

十万大千皆佛景, 不住生心印佳音。

若心盆境转,即浔图生像;

若意飴应理,即淂像忘形;

若神戧感物,即浔态忘形;

若知戧通惑, 即慧眼始生。

故:形定态生,场呈智应,势呈慧生,悟启佛应。

谒曰: 卽空卽了, 了卽空空, 卽了卽空, 空卽了了。

真空妙有,十方相应,即凡即圣,一念铸成。

是为序。

し西車初冬

### •图•像思维与道学•

# 序

恍惚兮明明, 吐吶兮白白。

道至玄至明、至奥至白, 冲太上而贯八极, 盈虚 空而福万物。

玉真子常修神养德, 思绪顿开, 愿"三解"图、像, 乃上古之举也。

令国势蓬隆,人心思殷、余和其兴、乐其旺,于 甲申春分撰一百又八图·像,应一百又八字于心田。

#### 是谓:

感于芥末, 溦其溦;

怀于峦尖, 揽其揽;

藏于蚁穴, 渺其渺。

梓宁兄,于乙酉,卽注卽解,契道且鲜,试观之, 道缘旣洽、德机和融,开图像思维之新泾也。

余嘉其举,盛乐,聊作数语。 是为序。

**多**選手京都聚势斋

し酉車初冬

### •图•像思维与哲学•

# 序

观变知化,观化知动;

观动知静, 观静知心。

势山呈水,势水呈金;

势金呈器,势器呈形。

心形相照,相悖相生;

形心相应,相与相共。

令严放兄积东西玄妙而巧织,采古令绝理而善编。余 契之、磋之、论之、砺之。

析由"势"到"升"一百又八图·像,

惜惜相珍, 恭俭而礼齐;

依依相媲, 温文而雅致。

从理而顺念, 承物而秉真;

接事而弱中、应埸而凸显。

当当在在, 漾古今贤良;

虚虚实实, 荡前后能士。

聚气生力,哲理平朴,余观之盛帨。是为序。

**岁** 選 撰于京都聚势斋

**し**酉 丰 初 冬

### • 图 • 像思维与文学 •

# 序

纵情于山水,感天地之灵动;

畅意于田林,会日月之精华;

舒心于草花,通星辰之溦妙;

贮心于鱼虫, 达土木之神化。

东昌兄博学而思敏,见图生象,见象生文,见文生像,见像生情。

仲秋畅逃于京西仙鹤楼, 净恰相证、理事自润。

一百又八故事,生生活现,可触可受,余甚喜。

赞曰:借巴山之雾霭兮笼崂山,领壶口之巨浪兮泽 九华,换昆仑之伟躯兮挡狂飙,取西域之美玉兮雕宙宇, 经北国之广漠兮济天涯。

所欲随心逝,欲所离灵在。 恰情感物,乃真本性也。 是为序。

**岁** 罗 撰于京都聚势斋

し酉車初冬

### • 图 • 像思维与人生 •

# 序

一念清淨、念念清淨; 登高望远、极目苍穹; 见溦知著、动而不动; 观自在心、尽在其中。 刘兄怀仁爱而行万里, 藏忠义而踏坦途。 千载绵绵应像于心,万古悠悠浔势于神。 溦言遂意,解图说文。 余观之甚喜,赞曰: 慕东岳之巍峨兮抱丽阳, 望西岳之雄华兮会明月: 赞中岳之敦厚兮通星辰; 感南岳之秀丽兮慰长江, 势北岳之刚毅兮率大黄。 故曰: 观注知来, 真诚是本; 浔像忘形,平等是真; 势呈态生, 蔻悲在心,

> 发 作于金陵紫金山下玄武湖畔 丁亥(2007)丰春风日

觉悟人生,奉献人生。

是为序。

### • 图 • 像思维与生活 •

是为序。

# 序

平常常平、平凡凡平, 正真真正、正觉觉正, 明智智明、明性性明, 和心心和、和人人和。 竞仪解物事则趋以相外, 析理道则浔其环中。 借图述说人间方方面面,细腻而避繁缛; 取像演衍生活风风雨雨, 精炼而弃刻琢。 余观之甚喜,赞曰: 贮神于高山兮仁归颐, 藏心于流水兮智从恰; 近朱于松鹤兮赤妙安, 濡墨于高士兮黑神奇。 故曰: 顺柔生悯, 润玉生蔻; 悉献爱心,和谐此波; 感物思贤,由远及近; 不息生生, 日月星辰。

> 罗第作于金陵紫金山下玄武湖畔 丁亥(2007)丰春风日

### •图•像思维与传媒•

# 序

点石成金、点金成神; 见图通像、见像入情; 蛤壳敛性、心物相应: 敏而好思、去浮求真。 晓平借图释像,于具体中显津理、于故事中透智慧、 于偶然中露真诚、于平实中见精神。 择小小以示大, 摘区区以启人: 选点点以正心、取滴滴以道真。 拾趣弥漏,采烁曜憾,令人感慰。 余观之甚喜赞曰: 晋汾之古川兮滋菁英, 巴蜀之崇山兮育俊秀, 荆楚之峻岭兮启灵颖, 吳越之湖泊兮养性情。 故曰:东南西北、时空开合,起念从于心, 四维上下、起意立论、行动庸于中。 记人则顺理从真、写事则因势浔明, 外取诸物、内应神心。不垢不净、悟启慧生。 心和万物自谐、合道诸理即顺。 是为序。

> 罗 作于金陵紫金山下玄武湖畔 丁亥(2007)丰春风日

### 图 · 像思维与奇征异兆 ·

# 序

积善成. 神明自得,

积恶成秽、涩苦冥幽,

礼义廉耻、忠孝仁德,

不为果报、重在种福。

流芳兄看人间万象而勤于收集, 历社会百态而巧于萃取。

108 故事寓事喻理,实感而发轫于心、慨叹而兹生于情,

述古今奇趣丝丝入理, 道天下逸闻环环相扣。

让观者自应解, 使修者自领悟,

乃图之新释、像之别裁。

余观之甚喜、赞曰:

祖殷勤兮予福荫,

父敦正兮家显陛,

母惠贤兮儿孝忠;

族种福兮宗茂盛。

故曰: 荣耻功在言行、福德利在日常;

奇证不奇, 异兆不异。

存善于念始、修福于足下, 从贤思齐、从善如流。

观图察势, 当怀仁爱之心; 浔像生慧, 需藏忠义之旨。

是为序。

**罗**作于金陵紫金山下玄武湖畔 丁玄(2007)丰春风日

### 图 · 像 思 维 与 水 ·

# 序

势动生水,势静呈山;

心物相应, 山水相涧;

溪泾江河, 云雪冰川;

点滴见性,海阔洋旷。

国岭兄 观图生像,淡化海水济苍生;

浔势忘形,根治苦咸解盐碱。

以水解图、以势论像、独辟新泾、令人肃然。

余观之甚欢喜,赞曰:

巍峨乎! 嵩山逢禅师而豫彰,

畅达乎! 洛水生牡丹而兹长;

殷墟乎! 甲骨照颛顼而悠扬,

羡里乎! 文王演八卦而阴阳。

**省因势**得理,因力而彰。

乘风破浪,借物援攀。

故曰: 浔水而生、因水而长, 利水而宜, 顺水而昌。

感恩于水,尊之、教之、爱之、顺之。

依性利导,交融和畅!

是为序。

**罗**作于金陵紫金山下玄武湖畔 丁亥(2007)丰春风日

### 《图 · 像思维》学者点评。

片言可以明百意,坐驰能够役万景。搜求于象,心入于境,遂得神韵。超以象外,得其环中,离形得似,意象始生;图有尽,意无穷,谓之脱俗。——掩卷而思,此乃《图·像思维》之真功也。

——历史学家、中国社会科学院教授 白钢

道可,道非,恒道,图是,图非,常图,象是,象非,真象,思是,思非,哲思,维少,维多,无维。

——中国建筑学会教授 顾孟潮

最直观的图、像,带给我们的是最深刻的义理;

最质朴的形、势,显示给我们的是最灵秀的神韵。

——西南师范大学宗教学博士、心理学博士后、教授 杨玉辉 于奇偶间创造极具生命力的形态。

——中央美术学院雕塑艺术研究所副所长、雕塑家 秦璞 大象无形,大音稀声,我思故我在。

——中国人事科学研究院研究员 余兴安

### ·《图·像思维与佛学》学者点评·

于具象中见抽象,于细微中见大千。

——北京大学教授 王浦劬

佛理即常理,图像即生活,积善则图生吉祥像,乐施则像生瑞安势。

——蜀人 智明

佛学博大精深,图像想象无穷。修佛始于善念,观图源于善心。

——楚人 江上凡夫

佛妙乐、法妙音、图妙门、像妙景

——网友: 晴卿一

图·像思维通佛学、图·像思维学契佛学修持之法。

——湖湘文人 清风侠

图为心作,像为心生。一心可存三像,曰:魔·人·佛。

一心可造百图, 百图可幻万象, 万象归于一心。

——富阳人 浙沂智通

### •《图•像思维与道学》学者点评•

道,通无有;道,融图像;道,化刚柔;道,合阴阳。

——燕人玉观子

《图·像思维与道学》之道可道,非常道,《图·像思维与道学》之名可名,非常名。 ——逐人寂静

《图·像思维与道学》一书是一本很特殊的读物,张学栋先生的图像已能让人神驰,杨玉辉教授的解读更能使人幽游于知性的海洋,徜徉于大道。

——郑庆云 (澳门大学校外及特殊课程部主任、教授、博士)

从心生图,从图生像,从像生道,从道生天,从天生地,从地生人,从人生心。 ——网友: 湘水涟源

上古之人,结绳为道,人类乃有文明也。结绳乃文字之肇始,故字道同源。字为心画,道生万物,人乃道之别体,字实人心灵之图画。图像思维包罗万象,奥妙无穷。汉字乃中国一切造型艺术和视觉艺术之源,文化精神之特征,说文解字乃道之延伸。玉辉先生与学栋先生合作之《图·像思维与道学》乃这一根本之最好说明。

——李寿昆 (文化名人、书画家、瓷器艺术家、教授)

### •《图•像思维与哲学》学者点评•

图 · 像思维起于文字符号之体,承于历史文化之用,转于非理性思维之名,合于人与自然和谐境界之妙不可言之实。

**——平原** 

存在是合乎理性的,存在与理性相契合的终点就是自由,在一定程度上,《图·像思维与哲学》向我们启示了这种自由。

——从小天

最真实的往往隐匿在最高或最深的地方,在这里,惟有思想的光亮能带着我们前行。 —— 岛丽

境界存在于素朴的自然中,实现于深刻而平和的心灵中,《图·像思维与哲学》体现了一种难能可贵的圆融。

——井俊平

"图·像思维与哲学是图·像思维与哲学", "图·像思维与哲学" 非 "图·像思维与哲学", 是名 "图·像思维与哲学"。

——网友:水悟空

### •《图•像思维与文学》学者点评•

切入生活的核心,挑出本质的诗意,在这	这个核心的更深一层,刀锋抵达之处,
是用意境对世界的分解和预知。	
	——诗人景旭峰
道是无声胜有声,像是无行胜有形。	
	——作家张宝瑞
大象无形,道存其中,为之动情。	
	——金石家郑久康
大彻大悟的智慧。	
	——书法家王澜
图·像思维与文学讲述的是心与物的和i	皆、表达的是情与意的交融、描绘的是
力与美的互补、展示的是灵与慧的合契。	
	—— 网友: 殷文燕

#### 《图・像思维》研究系列成果介绍及其意义与价值

#### 一、简单回顾

自 2004 年中国行政学会副秘书长、九三学社中央委员张学栋同志(字:易罡)所著的《图·像思维——对自然、人、社会和谐共融观的整体感悟》一书在我社出版以来,学术界给予了极大关注与回应,研究者从从自然科学和人文艺术等领域不同的角度进行注解阐释、研究解读。第一批共4部系列研究成果于2005 年初由我社出版,其中包括:易罡与智宣合著《图·像思维与佛学》、易罡与梓宁合著《图·像思维与道学》、易罡与严放合著《图·像思维与哲学》、易罡与阿东合著《图·像思维与文学》等。同年,以《图·像思维》一书中的部分"图·像"标识的"易·像艺术—张学栋心灵艺术"32枚个性化邮票中国集邮总公司正式面世,第九届全国政协副主席为《图·像思维》的题词是"和谐共融、生生不息",全国人大韩启德副委员长为从书题名。

2005年6月图·像思维(易·像)学说获美国加州、内华达州政府奖,以表彰 其在人文与艺术领域所作的贡献、《新华社》、《人民日报》、《光明日报》、《人民政 协报》、《中国日报》、《中央电视台》等新闻媒体均作了报道,图像思维与未来政府 研究中心在北京大学成立。2006年图·像思维理论(易·像)学说,获得国际设计 与流程学会"世界创新大会"(2006) 乔治. 乔治·科兹梅茨基奖, 颁奖仪式于2007 年4月18日在北京举行,颁奖代表是世界软件工程学的创始人,国际电子工程学会 院士、国际设计与流程科学学会的共同发起人叶祖尧博士。他在颁奖发言中指出: 由国际设计与流程科学学会设立, 以学会创始人乔治·科兹梅茨基先生名字命名的 这项大奖, 主要是向全球在跨学科、跨领域、跨行业创新方面做出开创性工作的杰 出人十颁发的, 张学栋先生的图, 像思维理论, 每一张图像和文字, 既是设计也是 流程, 既代表科学观也代表艺术观, 为人类自身思维的创新开辟了新道路。基于东 方整体性把握世界的图 · 像思维理论, 是跨学科、跨领域、跨行业思维研究的创新 成果,是贯通科学技术和人文艺术的新探索,对人类追求和谐与共富,提升身心幸 福层次具有重要意义,全国政协常委洪绂曾、金开诚教授、全国政协委员叶文虎、 徐颂陶教授等人士参加颁奖见证,《新华社网》、《人民日报》、《光明日报》、《人民 政协报》、《中国日报》、《中央电视台》等新闻媒体均作了报道。

#### 二、《图·像思维与人生》等研究成果简介:

1、《图·像思维与人生》作者:易罡、刘坚

作者通过对108个图·像与文字简明的阐述与注解,表达了对宇宙和人奥秘的探索和对人生的经历的感悟,从一个较新的角度说明了"觉悟人生、奉献人生的道理",刘坚先生现为国务院扶贫办主任,长期从事扶贫济弱工作,曾任江苏省副省长,热爱生活、阅历丰富、体验深刻,解读简明扼要,通过图·像思维与文字引导,

可让人们在物质、心灵与理性等多层次互渗与贯通,图.像与文字既能展开想象力, 又可与自己生活体验回应,可读性颇高,适用于各类人士阅读。

#### 2、《图·像思维与生活》作者:易罡、竞仪

作者在对108个图·像与文字生活化的阐述与注解中,把现实社会的各种现象与事件,进行了疏理与精炼,把对生活的感受与体悟融汇于小故事、小人物、小生活常识之中,读后使人在轻松的思考中,感受生命的意义与价值,黄竞仪在人民日报社长期从事新闻工作,作为资深的记者,对各种社会现象与动态,喜欢寻找其表象背后的脉络与因由,文字流畅而简洁,特别适合中、青年朋友阅读。

#### 3、《图·像思维与传媒》作者:易罡、晓平

作者把**108**个图·像与文字与传媒活动的方方面面结合,透过一个一个的事件,分析并阐述人们认识外部世界与自身的感触与特征,在对新闻现象观察与思考之际,启发人们通过图·像思维,实现跨文化、跨学科、跨行业、跨领域、跨语言的沟通与对话,在"得图生像、观像忘形"的中,感应东方文化的智慧与博大,体悟圣贤对宇宙与人生的真知灼见,袁晓平在新华社总社工作,平时喜欢观察新闻事件、人物、过程及其缘由,希望通过思维创新打破定势,尽而更好地使人热爱生活、积极向上,本书特别适合新闻工作者及传媒人士阅读,对青少年培养观察能力很有帮助。

#### 4、《图·像思维与奇征异兆》作者:易罡、流芳

作者把108个图·像与文字结合了108个修心养德的故事,通过故事把华夏大地上浑厚奇绝的山水文化和博大精深的人文情操,以及古人关于生活的见解、生命的经历、生存的历程,具体而形象地表达出来,陈兴华(字:流芳)长期在社会管理部门工作,与各种人打交道,在其工作中,感到真诚、善良、美好与虚伪、丑恶、阴险的巨大对比,觉得在构建社会主义和谐社会的过程中,必须宏扬真、善、美,反对假、恶、丑,"心随形动图始生,势随场呈像自化",使人在起心动念间,从人与自然、社会和谐关系的整体感悟中找准自身定位,修善积德,觉悟人生,孝顺父母、回报社会,本书适合于青少年及失足少年和接受教育改造的人。

#### 5、《图·像思维与水》作者:易罡、国岭

作者把108个图·像与文字人类对水的认识,以及人与水的关系进行了简洁的阐述,把《图·像思维》中,以"势、场、道、灵、态、恒"为代表的108个图·像与文字所贮藏的思想火花,创造性地运用于势水、理水、顺水、引水、治水、节水及海水淡化之中,在对与水的对话中,表达了对自然、人、社会和谐共融关系的整体感悟,拓开了人们认识水的思维局限性,为人类科学认识水、运用水、开发水,打开了一条新路。阮国岭博士长期从事海水淡化工作的研究,他希望通过海水淡化技术,使人们更好地提升生存质量与生活品质,本书不仅适合青少年阅读,还对各类科技工作者有参考价值。

#### 三、结语及展望

全国政协常委、原农业部副部长、九三学社原副主席洪绂曾教授在国际设计与

流程学会"世界创新大会"(2006) 乔治. 乔治·科兹梅茨基奖颁奖见证发言中指出: "我们知道,关于思维的研究是一个古老而崭新的课题。思维研究的每一步探索成 果都会有力地促进科学技术和文化艺术的发展,促进新生活模式的形成。人们通过 思维认识世界、理解自然和自身。正是这种探索实践,不断推动着人类的进步和历 史的发展。就思维而言,作为最基础性的研究,不管是整体感悟,还是理性洞察, 不管是历史的逻辑的方法、还是科学的技术的手段,只要是对主、客观世界本质特 征把握的探索,必然具有重大的意义与价值"。

《图·像思维与人生》、《图·像思维与生活》、《图·像思维与传媒》、《图·像思维与奇征异兆》、《图·像思维与水》作为图·像思维研究系列的第二批成果,主要是从人与自然、与社会的不同角度、不同侧面、不同层次加以拓展与研究,可以说图·像思维作为对东方古老智慧的一种创新表达的探索,已经有了一个良好的开端,随着研究工作的不断深入,它一定会为更多的人所理解所接受,并为人们认识世界和自身产生积极影响和重要的作用。

据悉,《图·像思维与幼儿早期教育》、《图·像思维与青少年修养》、《图·像思维与中老年保健》、《图·像思维与临终关怀》及《图·像思维与金融》、《图·像思维与科技》、《图·像思维与未来》、《图·像思维与城市》等研究正在进行中,不久将陆续出版面世。

### Personal particulars

ZHANG, Xuedong. According to the classical Chinese Tradition, Styled by the name of Yi Gang; and alternative named Yi Hu. Born in Qixian County, Shanxi Province, in September 9th(Chinese Lunar Calendar) 1962. Senior Architect.

Had completed higher education, practiced construction design, real estate development, governance and public administration research, etc. in Sichuan, Hainan, Guangxi, Beijing, Nanjing and other places. Incumbent positions: Deputy Secretary General, Chinese Public Administration Society; Secretary of its Chapter of National County Public Administration Research and its Research Centre for Scientific Development.

Member of Central Committee of September 3rd Society, Deputy Director of its Public Policy and Political Participation Research Centre; Deputy Director of its Committee of Legislative and Social Policy; (Member of Political Consultative Conference, Xicheng District, Beijing) part-time researcher of the Institute of Political Development and Governance; part-time Researcher, the Institute of Political Development and Government Management, and, Executive Director of the Research Centre of E-Picture Thinking and Future Government, Beijing University. Many publications.

Have studied the harmonious relationship among man, society and nature for a long time. In March 2004, formally published Yi-Picture Thinking, A Harmonious Mind-set for An Ultimate Integration of Nature, humanity and Society, proposed the idea of Yi-Picture Theory.

In January, 2006 published Yi-Picture and Philosophy, Yi-Picture and Daoism, Yi-Picture and Literature, and Yi-Picture and Buddhism(co-author). In 2005 postage Yi-Picture-Zhang Xuedong's Art of Soul was issues. In August, 2006, was honored the Award from Nevada and California State Governments for the YI-Picture theory's contribution to humanity and art;

In June 2006, won George Kozmetsky award for Outstanding Achievement in Transdicplinary Innovation for the theory's creative research accomplishments transdicplinary, transfields and crosstrade at World Congress on Innovation of the Society for Design and Process Science (SDPS), in San Diego, USA.

In Sptember 2006, was accredited the Outstanding Contributor Title for Comprehensive Construction of a Prime Prosperous Society at the honoring ceremony and working experience conference for the Comprehensive Construction of a Prime Prosperous Society sponsored by the Department of United Front of Central Committee of the Communist Party of China for all democratic parties, non-partisans and the Association of Business and Industry.

### 张学栋简历

张学栋,字易罡,号一葫。山西祁县人,**1962**年生。高级建筑师。

多年来,曾在山西、四川、海南、广西等省,以及北京、南京等市先后从事建筑设计、房地产开发、政府管理研究等工作。现任中国行政管理学会副秘书长、中国行政管理学会县级行政管理研究分会秘书长,中国行政管理学会科学发展研究中心副主任。

现为九三学社中央委员、社中央参政议政研究中心副主任、社中央社会与法制委员会副主任、北京大学政治发展与政府管理研究所兼职研究员、北京大学图象思维与未来政府研究中心执行主任。发表论文多篇、论著数部。

长期从事人与自然、社会和谐共融关系的研究,2004年3月正式出版《图·像思维-对自然·人·社会和谐共融观的整体感悟》,提出图·像思维理论(易·像学说)。2005年发行《易·像艺术——张学栋心灵艺术》邮票,2005年8月荣获美国加州、内华达州政府奖,表彰易·像学说在人文与艺术领域的贡献;2006年1月出版《图·像思维与哲学》、《图·像思维与道学》、《图·像思维与文学》、《图·像思维与佛学》(合著)

2006年6月在美国圣地亚哥市召开的设计与流程科学学会"世界创新大会"上,荣获"乔治·科兹梅茨基奖"。表彰图·像思维理论(易·像学说)在跨学科、跨领域、跨行业思维创新研究方面的成就。

**2006** 年 **9** 月在中央统战部、各民主党派、工商联、无党派人士 为全面建设小康社会作贡献经验交流暨表彰会上,荣获"为全面建 设小康社会作贡献先进个人"称号。

